

**(Yogyakarta Action Plan)  
Continuous Education  
through a Library for People  
in Remote Area of Merapi**

**REYNALDO KRISSANCHA AZARYA  
(YOGYAKARTA)**

**RASHIF ARKA MUHAMMAD  
(YOGYAKARTA)**

**ANGGITA PUTRI CHAERANI  
(YOGYAKARTA)**

**HEATHER BICKERTON (NEW  
ZEALAND)**

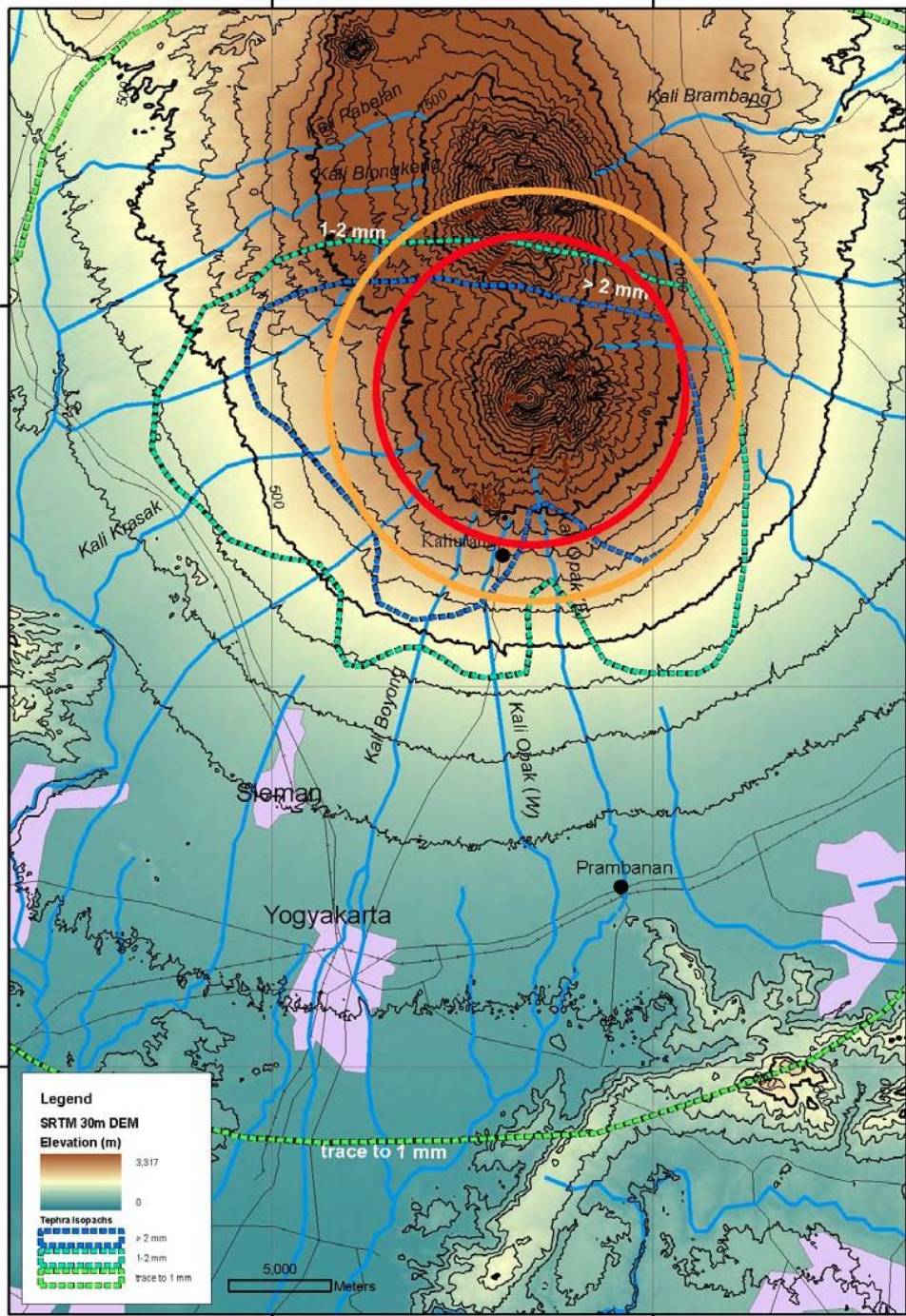
**RIZKY ARIEF KAUTSAR (JAKARTA)**

**JULI EFENDI (PEKANBARU)**

# Geological Background



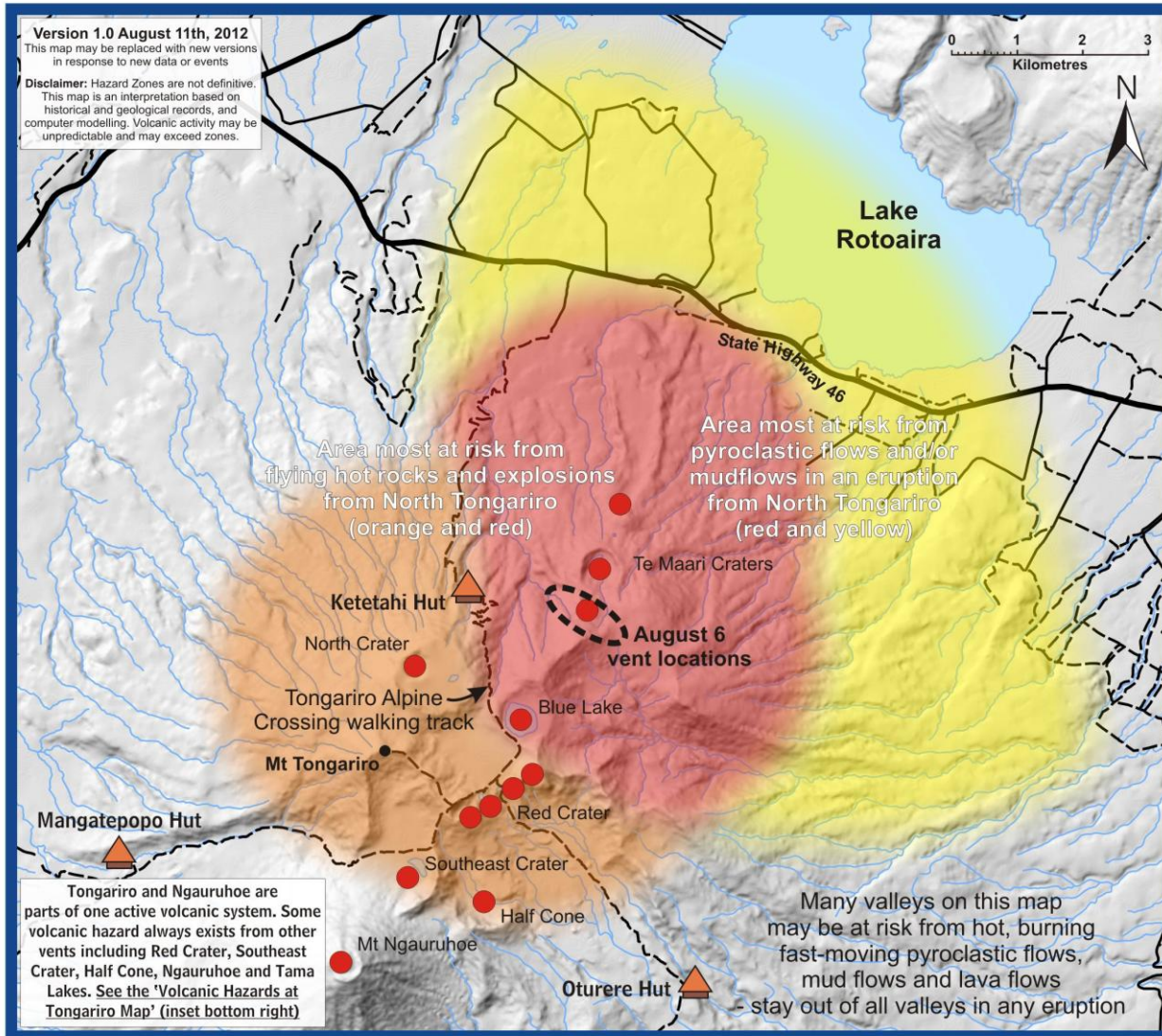
- Merapi Volcano erupted in 2006 and 2010.
- 400,000 people live in the danger zone for flows and ash.
- The major hazards were pyroplastic flows and ash-fall. Remobilization of this material was also a problem, and lahars present a high risk.
- Lava flows were present but small enough to only be a hazard to the immediate area.
- Evacuations were resisted due to strong attachment to the land and traditional beliefs.
- Despite this damage to infrastructure and agriculture forced villagers to move after the eruptions (especially the 2006 event).



# NORTHERN TONGARIRO ERUPTION PHENOMENA

Version 1.0 August 11th, 2012  
 This map may be replaced with new versions in response to new data or events

**Disclaimer:** Hazard Zones are not definitive. This map is an interpretation based on historical and geological records, and computer modelling. Volcanic activity may be unpredictable and may exceed zones.



## WHAT TO DO!

If there are any signs of an eruption (earthquakes, rumbling, ash-steam cloud or flying rocks):

## VOLCANIC HAZARDS

### SUMMIT HAZARDS

- During an eruption there may be gas and flying rocks from recent or new eruption vents, especially within the Orange and Red Summit

### LEGEND

#### SUMMIT HAZARD ZONE

3km radius around North Crater, Blue Lake, Te Maari Craters and the August 6 vents

Red area is in BOTH hazard zones

#### FLOW HAZARD ZONE

Pyroclastic flow & mudflow hazard  
 From computer modelling

Eruption vent active in last 27,000 years

# Community Need



- The local people of Merapi have already moved into a new settlement, some of them are children.
- These children need a better education and also entertainment, that they couldn't get from the remote area.
- Local people also need more knowledge, especially about disaster management.



# What we want to do...?



- We want to educate people, especially children by providing a library with supply of books that can educate and also giving them entertainment.
- We want to provide some instructions about community resilience from disaster that can be accessed by everybody in the remote settlement of Merapi.

# How we do it...?



- Survey at the beginning to find out the needs of local people.
- We want to make a network of sponsors to provide the book supply from either private company, government, or even personal donators.
- Survey and quality control for every month, to understand what kind of book that these people need and to improve this program.

# Responsibilities



- Rey : Coordinating the progress and maintaining relations with the local leader.
- Arka : Surveying the Library regularly.
- Putri : Providing the book supply regularly.
- Heather : Providing material for education and networking of sponsor from New Zealand.
- Rizky : Networking of book donation from Jakarta
- Juli : Networking of sponsor from Sumatra



# Timeline (2012)



August 27<sup>th</sup> 2012

Start to find funding network and beginning of the survey.

September 13<sup>th</sup> 2012

Conclusion of the survey and listing all of the books needed

September 27<sup>th</sup> 2012

Researching about the book supply

October 17<sup>th</sup> 2012 = Implementation

# Cost Estimation



## Funds to start the program (USD)

- Build the library (Optional) : USD \$ 1500
- Books : USD \$ 1000
- Educational material : USD \$ 100
- Operational : USD \$ 100

Library building is optional, we will try our best to find a possible available venue for the library.

# Continuous Fund



Regular fund for every month in order to improve the library based on the needs.

- New books : USD \$ 100
- Operational : USD \$ 100
- The fund can be minimized, if the needs for books can already be fulfilled through the book donation.

# Targets



- Get the community support to receive the existence of this library.
- Find a secure temporary location.
- Building networks with the stakeholders.
- To get at least 50 visitors per week.
- Secure the sponsorship for sustainability.
- Make people understand about Merapi's geological hazards.

# Methods of Evaluation



- Testimonial from the visitors.
- Regular visits to consult with the village chief.
- Clear bookkeeping and financial report.
- Long term survival

# Potential Problems



- Eruption
- Money
- Rejection from the locals
- Coordination problems
- Misuse of the facility
- Incompatibility between geologic information and the local beliefs.

# Alternatives



## Improvement :

- Mobile Library
- Workshop and Community Classes
- Counseling
- Broadening the library to the neighboring villagers.
- Internet and Computers

# Contacts



- Reynaldo Krissantha Azarya  
[reynaldo.krissantha@gmail.com](mailto:reynaldo.krissantha@gmail.com)
- Rizky Arief Kautsar  
[rizkyariefkautsar@gmail.com](mailto:rizkyariefkautsar@gmail.com)
- Rashif Arka Muhammad  
[rashifarka@gmail.com](mailto:rashifarka@gmail.com)
- Juli Efendi  
[juliefendi@rocketmail.com](mailto:juliefendi@rocketmail.com)
- Anggita Putri Chaerani  
[anggitaputrich@hotmail.com](mailto:anggitaputrich@hotmail.com)
- Heather Bickerton  
[heather.bickerton@pg.canterbury.ac.nz](mailto:heather.bickerton@pg.canterbury.ac.nz)